

| GANPAT UNIVERSITY | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----|-----------------|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|----|-----|-------|
| FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY | | | | | | | | | |
| Programme | Diploma Engineering | | | | Branch | Mechatronics Engineering | | | |
| Semester | IV | | | | Version | 1.0.0.0 | | | |
| Effective from Academic Year | 2019-20 | | | | Effective for the batch Admitted in | June 2018 | | | |
| Subject code | 1MC2402 | | Subject Name | Fundamentals of Thermal and Fluid Power | | | | | |
| Teaching scheme | | | | | Examination scheme (Marks) | | | | |
| (Per week) | Lecture(DT) | | Practical(Lab.) | | Total | | CE | SEE | Total |
| | L | TU | P | TW | | | | | |
| Credit | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | Theory | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| Hours | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | Practical | 30 | 20 | 50 |

| Pre-requisites: |
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| Students must have knowledge of concepts of thermal energy, properties of liquids and gases. Students must aware with electric motor, pump and other prime movers. |

| Course Learning Outcomes: |
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| The course content should be taught and implemented with an aim to develop different skills leading to the achievement of the following competencies and course learning outcomes: |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the basics of thermodynamics. To analyse the thermodynamic processes of pure substance and steam formation process. To apply thermodynamic cycles with P-V and T-S diagrams. To implement heat transfer basics in various applications. To analyse the applications of fluid mechanics and develop hydraulic devices like pumps & turbines. |
| The practical should be carried out in such a manner that students are able to acquire different learning out comes in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domain to demonstrate course learning outcomes. |

| Course Content | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|-------|-----|
| Name of UNIT | Unit Content | Unit Learning Outcomes | Marks | Hrs |
| UNIT – 1 Fundamentals of | 1.1.Forms of energy and energy interaction, Steady flow energy equation. 1.2.Law of conservation of energy; | 1a. Explain forms of energy interaction (energy transfer) and the law of conservation of energy. | 16 | 12 |

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| Thermodynamics | <p>concepts of heat, specific heat, work, process and cycles.</p> <p>1.3. Thermodynamic systems, properties; Zeroth law, First law, Second law of thermodynamics, two phase system.</p> <p>1.4. Continuity of mass flow; heat reservoir, source-sink, heat engine, heat pump and refrigerator.</p> <p>1.5. Different Thermodynamic processes and its representation on P-V and T-S diagrams; P-V and T-S diagrams of pure substance.</p> <p>1.6. Steam formation process on above diagrams.</p> | <p>1b. Explain properties of thermodynamics systems and the Zeroth, First, Second laws of thermodynamics with sketches for two phase system.</p> <p>1c. Explain the principle of heat reservoir, source-sink, refrigerator, heat engine and pump.</p> <p>1d. Analyse the thermodynamic processes of pure substance and steam formation process with P-V and T-S diagrams.</p> | | |
| UNIT – 2 Thermodynamic system and cycles | <p>2.1. Thermodynamic cycle; Close and open system.</p> <p>2.2. Reversibility and irreversibility.</p> <p>2.3. Thermodynamics cycles with PV and T-S diagram and related expression (no derivation)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carnot cycle • Otto cycle • Diesel cycle • Brayton cycle • Rankine cycle | <p>2a. Compare Close and open system.</p> <p>2b. Explain thermodynamics cycles with P-V and T-S diagrams.</p> <p>2c. Describe application of different thermodynamic cycles and the relations of variables of the thermodynamics cycles with simple numerical examples.</p> <p>2d. Differentiate between reversibility and irreversibility</p> | 12 | 10 |
| UNIT – 3 Heat Transfer | <p>3.1. Various mode of heat transfer.</p> <p>3.2. Conduction heat transfer, Fourier's law, thermal conductivity and heat transfer through composite wall and cylinders.</p> <p>3.3. Convection heat transfer, Newton's law of convection, Free and force convection, Coefficient of convection.</p> <p>3.4. Radiation heat transfer, Stefan and Boltzmann's law, Black body concept.</p> <p>3.5. Heat exchanger: types and applications.</p> | <p>3a. Describe modes of heat transfer.</p> <p>3b. Explain conduction of heat transfer.</p> <p>3c. Explain convection of heat transfer.</p> <p>3d. Explain radiation of heat transfer.</p> <p>3e. Describe heat exchanger</p> | 8 | 6 |
| UNIT – 4 Basics of Fluid Mechanics | <p>4.1. Concept, classification and properties of fluid.</p> <p>4.2. Law governing fluid flow</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Pascal's Law b. Bernoulli's theorem c. Continuity Equation <p>4.3. Types of fluid flow</p> | <p>4a. Explain the effect of fluid properties on a flow system.</p> <p>4b. Understand the laws used in fluid mechanics</p> <p>4c. Differentiate types of fluid flow</p> | 8 | 6 |

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| <p>UNIT – 5</p> <p>Hydraulic Pumps and Prime movers</p> | <p>Pumps:</p> <p>5.1. Concept and classification of pumps.</p> <p>5.2. Detailed study (construction, working and applications) of</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Centrifugal pump. Reciprocating pump. Rotary pump. <p>5.3. Performance (efficiency, discharge, head, specific speed and power consumption) of centrifugal pump and reciprocating pump with simple numerical example.</p> <p>5.4. Need for priming of centrifugal pump.</p> <p>Prime Movers:</p> <p>5.5. Classification, construction, working principle and applications of:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Pelton wheel turbine. Francis turbine. Kaplan turbine. <p>5.6. Selection criteria of prime movers</p> | <p>5a. Understand classification and working of pumps.</p> <p>5b. Calculate example to find out efficiency of pump.</p> <p>5c. Understand basics and working of prime movers.</p> | <p>16</p> | <p>11</p> |
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| List of Practical | | |
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| No. | Unit | Name of Practical |
| 1 | 4 | Demonstration of Bernoulli's theorem. |
| 2 | 4 | Experiment to determine Reynold's number. |
| 3 | 5 | Demonstration of Reciprocating and rotary pumps. |
| 4 | 5 | Demonstration of Centrifugal pump. |
| 5 | 5 | Demonstration of Pelton, Kaplan and Francis turbines. |
| 6 | 5 | Demonstration of Air compressor. |
| 7 | 3 | Study about different types of heat transfer modes. |
| 8 | 3 | Demonstration of counter flow and parallel flow heat exchangers. |
| 9 | 5 | Demonstration of basic hydraulic trainer kit. |
| 10 | 5 | Perform practical to control double acting cylinder. |

| List of Instruments/Equipment/TrainerBoard | |
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| 1 | Bernoullie apparatus |
| 2 | Reynold's apparatus |
| 3 | Pelton, Kaplan and Francis Turbine |
| 4 | Electro-hydraulic Trainer kit |
| 5 | Reciprocating and rotary pumps |

| List of Reference Books | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| No | Title of Reference Books | Authors | Publication |
| 1 | Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulics | Khurmi R. S. | S. Chand publication |
| 2 | Thermodynamics | Varia R. B. | ATUL PRAKASHAN |
| 3 | Oil Hydraulic Systems | Majumdar S.R. | Tata Mcgraw-Hill |
| 4 | Hydraulic and Pneumatic Controls | Srinivasan, R. | Vijay Nicole Imprints |
| 5 | Thermodynamic for Engineers | Mathur.M.L., Gupta.S.C. | Metropolitan Book Company-1985 |
| 6 | Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulics | Varia R. B. | ATUL PRAKASHAN |
| 7 | Hydraulics & Hydraulic machinery | Patel.R.C. & Pandya.A.D. | Acharya Book Depot (1967) |
| 8 | Heat and Mass Transfer | Rajput R. K. | S. Chand publication |

| Link of Learning Web Resource | |
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| 1 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xdRtWK1_2Eo |
| 2 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OmhXb-miAhw |
| 3 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YvQp2qy5l60 |
| 4 | https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thermodynamics |
| 5 | http://www.howstuffworks.com/search.php?terms=hydraulics |
| 6 | http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FVR7AC8ExIM |
| 7 | http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iOXRoYHdCV0 |

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| 8 | http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/fluid.html#flucon |
| 9 | https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105123/ |
| 10 | https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112103174/21 |
| 11 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k0BLOKEZ3KU |

| Mock test | |
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| 1 | https://www.indiabix.com/mechanical-engineering/hydraulic-machines/ |
| 2 | https://www.prep.youth4work.com/Practice-Tests/Mechanical-Engineering-Test/Hydraulics-and-Fluid-Mechanics-Test |
| 3 | https://www.indiabix.com/mechanical-engineering/thermodynamics/ |

CO'S AND PO'S MAPPING

| PO'S/ CO'S | | CO1 | CO2 | CO3 | CO4 | CO5 |
|---------------|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|
| PO1 | Proficiently applies concepts, theories and techniques of the relevant natural, physical sciences and knowledge in mathematics. | SLI | SUB | SLI | SLI | SUB |
| PO2 | Explain and Classify various Sensors, Transducer and Actuators according to the applications also develop a program in Computer Numerical Machine to build given part geometry. | SLI | SLI | SLI | SLI | SUB |
| PO3 | Apply their engineering knowledge, critical thinking and problem solving skills in professional engineering practice or in non-engineering fields, such as law, medicine or business. | MED | SUB | SUB | SUB | SUB |
| PO4 | Continue their intellectual development,through, for example, graduate education or professional development courses | MED | SLI | SLI | SUB | SUB |
| PO5 | Use of appropriate computer languages, modern tool and application software that pertain to Mechatronics engineering technology systems. | NON E | NON E | NON E | NON E | MED. |
| PO6 | Build Hydraulic and Pneumatics circuits to operate hydraulic and pneumatics actuators as per given logic also able to build logic in Programmable Logic Controller, Micro Controller and Visual Basic to make system works automatic. | NON E | NON E | NON E | NON E | SUB. |
| PO7 | Retain the intellectual curiosity that motivates lifelong learning and allows for a flexible response to the rapidly evolving challenges of the 21st century | NON E | SLI | MED. | MED. | SUB. |
| PO8 | Design a system component or process to meet desired need within realistic constraints, such as economic, environmental and social. | MED. | SUB. | SUB. | SUB. | SUB. |
| PO9 | Values the need for, and demonstrates, ethical conduct and professional accountability. | NON E | NON E | NON E | NON E | NONE |
| PO10 | Demonstrates effective communication to professional and wider audiences. | SLI | SLI | SLI | SLI | SLI |
| PO11 | Appreciates entrepreneurial approaches to engineering practice. | MED. | MED. | MED. | MED. | SUB. |
| PO12 | Apply commitment to quality, timeliness, and continuous improvement. | SLI | MED. | MED. | MED. | MED. |

